

	TRADITIONAL (1977)	SUSMP (2005)	GREENPOINT (2005)	ONE PLANET (2010)
SUSMP				
SOURCE CONTROLS				
Downspouts- Drain to Landscaping	•	•		
Benign Roof Materials (e.g. Tile)				
Roof Gardens				•
Cluster Unit Development		•		
Multi-Story Buildings		•	•	•
Avoid Exposing Bare Earth (e.g. Bark, Mulch, Gravel)		•	•	•
Vegetated Strips	•	•	•	•
Hollywood Driveways		•		
Minimize Directly-Connected Impervious Areas		•	•	•
Flow Through Landscaped Area Before Going to Storm Drain		•	•	•
Label Inlets- "No Dumping-Drains to Creek"		•	•	
Spray Irrigation		•	•	
Targeted Spray Irrigation				•
Drip Irrigation		•	•	•
Bubblers				•
Subsurface Irrigation				•
Plants Maintained through Minimal Water Use		•	•	•
Naturally Treat Storm water		•	•	•
Avoidance of Natural Areas (e.g. Wetlands)		•	•	•
Naturally Vegetated Setback	•		•	•
Buildings Away from Natural Areas		•	•	•
TREATMENT CONTROLS				
Vegetated Swale			•	•
Bioretention Area	•		•	•
Extended Detention Basin			•	•
Vegetated Buffer Strips	•	•	•	•
Constructed Wetlands			•	
Wet Pond				
Media Filter				
Manufactured Media Filter				
Infiltration Basin				•
Manufactured Vortex Separator			•	
Manufactured Drain Inserts		•		
CALGREEN				
Rain Barrels				•
Permeable Pavers (No less than 20%)				•
Shade Trees			•	•
Limit Turf (Not more than 50%)			•	•
75% Native California/ Drought Resistant Plants			•	•
Hydrozone Irrigation Techniques			•	•
Automatic Irrigation Controllers			•	•
Rainwater Capture System				•
Landscape Irrigation Design Reduces use of Potable Water				•
LEED				•
ONE PLANET				•